



# **Summer Jobs 2007**

## **Executive Summary**

**Presented by  
JA Worldwide™**

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## **Notes on Methodology**

Students from 103 JA locations across the country participated in the 2007 JA Interprise Poll™ focusing on Summer Jobs. This is the eighth time this survey has been conducted, and 818 students voluntarily participated in this I-Poll. The Poll was administered between March and April of 2007.

JA local area offices requested participation from area students, many of whom were not involved in JA programs. Because the respondents were not randomly selected, no margin of error for this report can be calculated. The survey results cannot be represented as a scientific cross-section of American students between the ages of 13 and 18+.

## Survey Highlights

*Detailed results of the 2007 JA Interprise Poll<sup>®</sup> focusing on “Summer Jobs” can be found in the Survey Results section that follows.*

Students are optimistic that they will find employment this summer with 73.4% responding affirmatively that they anticipate finding a summer job. For teens age 17 and 18-or-older, the percentages who believe they will find employment this summer are 81.1% and 81.9% respectively.

Student optimism may diminish once they begin their summer job search. Only 43.6% of all teens surveyed held a summer job last year. Disregarding the youngest age groups who are less likely to have been employed last year, there is still a sizable gap between age groups that actually secured summer employment in 2006 and teens who anticipate finding a summer job in 2007.

As in past Interprise Polls, the two most popular summer job choices are in the retail/sales environment (19.9%) and working in restaurants (14.3%). Among teens 15-and-older, retail/sales jobs retain the status as most-expected job. Office work/clerical (14.1%) follows closely behind restaurant/fast food as the third most anticipated summer job.

The emphasis of college admission committees on outside activities and life experiences may be driving the number of teens who are volunteering and seeking internships this summer. These two job options accounted for 16% of all teen responses in the 2007 Poll.

Motivations for seeking summer employment vary by age and gender. Overall, extra spending money (29.5%) narrowly eclipses obtaining money for college (28.9%). For teens 17-and-older, saving for college is the primary motivation for working.

More than half (52.3%) of all teens who had summer jobs in 2006, used information from friends or neighbors as their primary job search tool. Newspapers (10.8%) and resources at school (8.5%) followed a distant second and third respectively.

From a list of career lessons learned from a summer job, 38.2% of teens perceived that the most important lesson was “responsibility.” “How to demonstrate leadership” (23.4%) was second followed by the “importance of teamwork” (18.2%).

For teens who held summer jobs in 2006, 72.8% perceived their bosses as career mentors.

# SURVEY RESULTS

## Summer Jobs 2007

### Respondent Demographic Characteristics

Who are the 818 students who responded to the survey? More female students participated than males (59.8% to 40.2%, respectively). The age ranges are representative of students in seventh through twelfth grades, with students 17-and-older (the most likely to have summer jobs) comprising 41.8% of responses.

#### A. Gender

	Frequency	Percent
Male	329	40.2
Female	489	59.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	<i>0</i>	

#### B. Age

Age Range	Frequency	Percent
13-14	244	29.8
15-16	232	28.4
17	196	24.0
18 or older	146	17.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	<i>0</i>	

#### C. Race or Ethnic Origin

Ethnic Origin	Frequency	Percent
Asian/Pacific Islands	140	17.1
Black/African American	183	22.4
Hispanic/Latino	80	9.8
Mixed Race	38	4.6
Native American	6	0.7
White	358	43.8
Other	13	1.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	<i>0</i>	

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

## Employment During Current School Year

*Question: Do you have a job during the school year?*

Overall, 30.4% of students hold a job during the school year. Students' age is the most important factor linked to school-year employment. As age increases, students are more likely to hold school-year jobs. For 17-year-olds, 42.9% of students are employed during the school year compared to 58.6% of teens 18-or-older. For younger students, the incidence of employment is much lower, with 20.7% of 15-16-year-olds holding jobs, and only 12.8% of students 13-14 years-of-age.

Response	Frequency	Percent
Yes	248	30.4
No	568	69.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>816</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	<i>2</i>	

Age Ranges	13-14	15-16	17	18 +
Yes	12.8	20.7	42.9	58.6
No	87.2	79.3	57.1	41.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Responses</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>145</b>
<i>No response</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1</i>

## Held Summer Job in 2006

*Question: Did you have a job during the summer of 2006?*

Last summer 43.6% of all teens responding to this Poll held a job. The difference in male and female students who held jobs is modest (46.8% and 41.4% respectively). As is the case with teens who work during the school year, age is the leading factor in determining last summer's employment status. Only 26.2% of teens age 13-14 held a summer job in 2006 compared to 66.0% of teens age 18-and-older.

Response	Frequency	Percent
Yes	353	43.6
No	457	56.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>810</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	8	

Response	Frequency Male	Percent Male	Frequency Female	Percent Female
Yes	153	46.8	200	41.4
No	174	53.2	283	58.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>483</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	2		6	

Age Ranges	13-14	15-16	17	18 +
Yes	26.2	35.2	58.2	66.0
No	73.8	64.8	41.8	34.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Responses</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>144</b>
<i>No response</i>	4	2	0	2

## Job Plans for Summer 2007

### *Question: Do you plan to have a job during the summer of 2007?*

Students are optimistic that they will find employment this summer with 73.4% responding affirmatively that they anticipate finding a job. Even 57.8% of 13-14-year-olds, who are least likely among all age groups to work during the school year or to have held employment last summer, think they will have a job this summer. For teens age 17, 81.1% think they will be employed during the summer of 2007. The percentage is only slightly higher (81.9%) for teens age 18-or-older.

Student optimism may diminish once they begin their summer job search. Only 43.6% of all teens surveyed held a summer job last year. Disregarding the youngest age groups who are less likely to have been employed last year, there is still a sizable gap between age groups that actually secured summer employment in 2006 and teens who anticipate finding a summer job in 2007.

Response	Frequency	Percent
Yes	598	73.4
No	44	5.4
Unsure	173	21.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	3	

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

Response	Frequency Male	Percent Male	Frequency Female	Percent Female
Yes	256	78.0	342	70.2
No	16	4.9	28	5.7
Unsure	56	17.1	117	24.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>487</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	1		2	

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

Age Ranges	13-14	15-16	17	18 +
Yes	57.8	77.9	81.1	81.9
No	7.0	4.8	4.6	4.9
Unsure	35.2	17.3	14.3	13.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Responses</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>144</b>
<i>No response</i>	0	1	0	2

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

## Anticipated Jobs for Summer 2007

*Question: What will be your job during the summer of 2007?*

**[The tables for this section exclude responses from teens who did not think they would have summer jobs].**

As in past Interprise Polls, the two most popular summer job choices are in the retail/sales environment (19.9%) and working in restaurants (14.3%). Among teens 15-and-older, retail/sales jobs retain the status as most-expected job. Office work/clerical (14.1%) follows closely behind restaurant/fast food as the third most anticipated summer job.

The emphasis of college admission committees on outside activities and life experiences may be driving the number of teens who are volunteering and seeking internships this summer. These two job options combined account for 16% of all teen responses.

Babysitting/daycare and lawn care/landscaping are almost gender-exclusive occupations. Few boys (4.4%) indicated they would be babysitting this summer, compared to 19.0% of girls. Similarly, only 1.2% of girls will be pushing mowers, compared to 13.6% of boys engaged in lawncare/landscaping. Young teens who cannot secure employment in many types of summer jobs because of age requirements find age limitations less applicable for daycare. For teens ages 13-14, babysitting is the most anticipated job (31.2%) for the summer of 2007.

<b>Response</b>	<b>Frequency</b>	<b>Percent*</b>
Retail/Sales	144	19.9
Restaurant /Fast Food	104	14.3
Office Work/Clerical	102	14.1
Babysitting/Daycare	95	13.1
Volunteer	89	12.3
Life Guard/Recreation	59	8.1
Other	49	6.8
Lawn Care/Landscaping	45	6.2
Internship	26	3.6
Labor/Construction	12	1.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>725</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	46	

*Excludes respondents who indicated they did not plan to have a job this summer.*

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

**Anticipated Jobs by Gender**

Response	Frequency Male	Percent* Male		Frequency Female	Percent* Female
Retail/Sales	60	20.4		84	19.5
Restaurant/Fast Food	53	18.0		51	11.8
Office Work/Clerical	33	11.2		69	16.0
Babysitting/Daycare	13	4.4		82	19.0
Volunteer	27	9.2		62	14.4
Life Guard/Recreation	30	10.2		29	6.7
Other (Please specify)*	23	7.8		26	6.0
Lawn Care/Landscaping	40	13.6		5	1.2
Internship	6	2.0		20	4.6
Labor/Construction	9	3.1		3	0.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>100.0</b>		<b>431</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	<i>18</i>			<i>28</i>	

\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.

**Anticipated Jobs by Age**

Age Ranges	13-14	15-16	17	18 +
Retail/Sales	7.2	22.4	27.4	27.3
Restaurant/Fast Food	8.1	18.9	17.7	13.3
Office Work/Clerical	2.7	18.9	18.9	19.5
Babysitting/Daycare	31.2	6.0	5.7	3.1
Volunteer	14.9	13.4	8.6	10.9
Life Guard/Recreation	11.3	5.0	6.9	9.4
Other (Please specify)*	7.7	7.0	2.3	10.9
Lawn Care/Landscaping	13.1	2.5	3.4	3.9
Internship	0.5	5.5	7.4	0.8
Labor/Construction	3.2	0.5	1.7	0.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Responses</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>128</b>
<i>No Response</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>19</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>9</i>

\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.

## Sources for Job Information

[The table below includes only responses from teens who had summer jobs in 2006.]

*Question: How do you typically find your summer job?*

More than half (52.3%) of all teens who had summer jobs in 2006, used information from friends or neighbors as their primary job search tool. Newspapers (10.8%) and resources at school (8.5%) followed a distant second and third respectively.

Response	Frequency	Percent*
From friends or neighbors	179	52.3
The newspaper	37	10.8
Resources at school	29	8.5
Parents and relatives	22	6.4
An organization's work program	21	6.1
Personal search	19	5.6
Through an existing job or current activity	14	4.1
Other	11	3.2
The Internet	10	2.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>342</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	<i>11</i>	

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

## Primary Reason for Working

**Question:** *If you will work this summer, what is the NUMBER ONE reason why?*

Motivations for seeking summer employment vary by age and gender. Overall, extra spending money (29.5%) narrowly eclipses obtaining money for college (28.9%). For teens 17-and-older, saving for college is the primary motivation for working.

Response	Frequency	Percent*
Extra Spending Money	226	29.5
Save for College	222	28.9
Gain Work Experience	183	23.9
To Pay for a Car	73	9.5
Help Support Family	63	8.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>767</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	4	

*Includes only those responses from teens who answered “yes” or “unsure” to having a summer job.*

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

Response	Frequency Male	Percent* Male	Frequency Female	Percent* Female
Extra Spending Money	102	32.8	124	27.2
Save for College	77	24.8	145	31.8
Gain Work Experience	72	23.2	111	24.3
To Pay for a Car	37	11.9	36	7.9
Help Support Family	23	7.4	40	8.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	1		3	

*Includes only those responses from teens who answered “yes” or “unsure” to having a summer job.*

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

Age Ranges	13-14	15-16	17	18 +
Extra Spending Money	44.4	26.6	23.5	17.5
Save for College	23.6	24.8	31.6	40.9
Gain Work Experience	16.9	29.8	26.2	22.6
To Pay for a Car	6.2	9.6	11.2	12.4
Help Support Family	8.9	9.2	7.5	6.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Responses</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>137</b>
<i>No response</i>	2	2	0	0

*Includes only those responses from teens who answered “yes” or “unsure” to having a summer job.*

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

## Lessons Learned from Summer Employment

**Question: What is the most important lesson you have learned about your future career, while working at your summer job?**

**[The table below includes only responses from teens who had summer jobs in 2006.]**

More teens (38.2%) perceived that the most important career lesson from a summer job was “responsibility,” compared to other alternatives. The category of “responsibility” included work habits such as showing up on time, reliability, and fulfilling various job tasks.

“How to demonstrate leadership” (23.4%) was second followed by the “importance of teamwork” (18.2%). Female teens were more likely to select “how to demonstrate leadership” (26.7%) than male teens (19.2%).

Response	Frequency	Percent*
Responsibility needed to perform job successfully	132	38.2
How to demonstrate leadership	81	23.4
Importance of teamwork	63	18.2
Importance of college	41	11.8
Did not learn anything	14	4.0
Other	15	4.3
<b>Total</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	7	

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

Response	Frequency Male	Percent* Male	Frequency Female	Percent* Female
Responsibilities needed to perform job successfully	59	39.1	73	37.4
How to demonstrate leadership	29	19.2	52	26.7
Importance of teamwork	30	19.9	33	16.9
Importance of college	17	11.3	24	12.3
Did not learn anything	9	6.0	5	2.6
Other	7	4.6	8	4.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	2		5	

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

## Summer Job Supervisors as Career Mentors

*Question: Do you see your boss at your summer job as a career mentor?*

**[The table below includes only responses from teens who had summer jobs in 2006.]**

Supervisors of teen workers may be surprised to find that 72.8% of their summer employees perceive them as career mentors. The fact that teens selected “responsibility” as the most important career lesson from a summer job indicates that general work skills, rather than specific job knowledge, is perceived by teens as critically important to their future career.

Response	Frequency	Percent
Yes	241	72.8
No	90	27.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	22	

Response	Frequency Male	Percent Male		Frequency Female	Percent Female
Yes	103	72.0		138	73.4
No	40	28.0		50	26.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>100.0</b>		<b>188</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>	10			12	

# Appendix

Four JA locations provided 50 or more responses to this 2007 JA Interprise Poll™. Responses from these areas are segmented below for each of the major questions that were posed.

	Responses	Percent of all students surveyed (818)
Cedar Rapids	80	9.8
Georgia	111	13.6
Minnesota	58	7.1
New York City	165	20.2
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>50.7</b>

## Percent Distribution of Responses by Gender

Response	National	Cedar Rapids	Georgia	Minnesota	New York City
Male	<b>40.2</b>	42.5	45.9	53.4	27.3
Female	<b>59.8</b>	57.5	54.1	46.6	72.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Total Responses</b>		80	111	58	165

## Percent Distribution of Responses by Age

Response	National	Cedar Rapids	Georgia	Minnesota	New York City
13-14	<b>29.8</b>	98.8	11.7	34.5	3.0
15-16	<b>28.4</b>	1.3	35.1	31.0	40.0
17	<b>24.0</b>	---	28.8	20.7	37.0
18 or older	<b>17.8</b>	---	24.3	13.8	20.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Total Responses</b>		80	111	58	165

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

### Percent Distribution of Responses by Race/Ethnic Origin

Response	National	Cedar Rapids	Georgia	Minnesota	New York City
Asian/Pacific Islands	17.1	1.3	6.3	12.1	52.1
Black/African American	22.4	2.5	24.3	12.1	18.8
Hispanic/Latino	9.8	1.3	20.7	3.4	4.8
Mixed Race	4.6	1.3	5.4	13.8	4.2
Native American	0.7	---	---	6.9	0.6
White	43.8	92.5	41.4	51.7	15.2
Other	1.6	1.3	1.8	---	4.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Total Responses</b>		80	111	58	165

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

### Percent Distribution of Responses for Working During School Year

Response	National	Cedar Rapids	Georgia	Minnesota	New York City
Yes	30.4	13.8	40.5	37.9	27.3
No	69.6	86.3	59.5	62.1	72.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Total Responses</b>		80	111	58	165

### Percent Distribution of Responses for Held Job During Summer 2006

Response	National	Cedar Rapids	Georgia	Minnesota	New York City
Yes	43.6	24.1	48.6	49.1	51.5
No	56.4	75.9	51.4	50.9	48.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Total Responses</b>		79	111	57	163

### Percent Distribution of Responses for Plans to Work During Summer 2007

Response	National	Cedar Rapids	Georgia	Minnesota	New York City
Yes	73.4	57.5	73.0	74.1	81.2
No	5.4	2.5	8.1	5.2	4.2
Unsure	21.2	40.0	18.9	20.7	14.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Total Responses</b>		80	111	58	165

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

**Percent Distribution of Responses for Anticipated Jobs**

Response	National	Cedar Rapids	Georgia	Minnesota	New York City
Retail / Sales	<b>19.9</b>	6.6	27.7	18.0	6.9
Restaurant /Fast Food	<b>14.3</b>	10.5	21.3	32.0	2.1
Office Work/Clerical	<b>14.1</b>	3.9	8.5	2.0	45.1
Babysitting/Daycare	<b>13.1</b>	34.2	7.4	14.0	2.8
Volunteer	<b>12.3</b>	7.9	11.7	8.0	15.3
Life Guard/Recreation	<b>8.1</b>	11.8	8.5	8.0	9.0
Other	<b>6.8</b>	5.3	2.1	8.0	3.5
Lawn Care/Landscaping	<b>6.2</b>	17.1	6.4	8.0	---
Internship	<b>3.6</b>	---	3.2	---	14.6
Labor/Construction	<b>1.7</b>	2.6	3.2	2.0	0.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Total Responses</b>		76	94	50	144

*Includes only those responses from teens who answered “yes” or “unsure” to planning a summer job in 2007.  
\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

**Percent Distribution of Sources for Job Information**  
[The table below includes only responses from teens who had summer jobs in 2006.]

Response	National	Cedar Rapids	Georgia	Minnesota	New York City
From friends or neighbors	<b>52.3</b>	77.8	60.8	51.9	37.0
The newspaper	<b>10.8</b>	11.1	5.9	7.4	11.1
Resources at school	<b>8.5</b>	5.6	5.9	3.7	9.9
Personal search	<b>5.6</b>	---	3.9	14.8	2.5
Parents and relatives	<b>6.4</b>	5.6	7.8	14.8	1.2
An organization’s work program	<b>6.1</b>	---	2.0	51.9	23.5
Through an existing job or current activity	<b>4.1</b>	---	---	---	6.2
The Internet	<b>2.9</b>	---	3.9	---	4.9
Other	<b>3.2</b>	---	9.8	7.4	3.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Total Response</b>		18	51	27	81

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

**Percent Distribution for Lessons Learned from Summer Employment**  
 [The table below includes only responses from teens who had summer jobs in 2006.]

Response	National	Cedar Rapids	Georgia	Minnesota	New York City
Responsibility needed to perform job successfully	<b>38.2</b>	64.7	33.3	37.0	36.6
How to demonstrate leadership	<b>23.4</b>	29.4	31.5	22.2	23.2
Importance of teamwork	<b>18.2</b>	---	16.7	25.9	22.0
Importance of college	<b>11.8</b>	---	9.3	7.4	14.6
Did not learn anything	<b>4.0</b>	5.9	7.4	---	1.2
Other	<b>4.3</b>	---	1.9	7.4	2.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>		17	54	27	82

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

**Percent Distribution of Responses for Reason for Working**

Response	National	Cedar Rapids	Georgia	Minnesota	New York City
Extra Spending Money	<b>29.5</b>	56.4	36.3	34.5	15.3
Save for College	<b>28.9</b>	15.4	20.6	27.3	31.8
Gain Work Experience	<b>23.9</b>	11.5	18.6	18.2	44.6
To Pay for a Car	<b>9.5</b>	11.5	15.7	10.9	1.3
Help Support Family	<b>8.2</b>	5.1	8.8	9.1	7.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Total Responses</b>		78	102	55	157

*Includes only those responses from teens who answered “yes” or “unsure” to planning a summer job in 2007.*

*\*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100%.*

**Percent Distribution for Summer Job Supervisors as Career Mentors**

[The table below includes only responses from teens who had summer jobs in 2006.]

Response	National	Cedar Rapids	Georgia	Minnesota	New York City
Yes	<b>72.8</b>	41.2	82.7	85.2	77.8
No	<b>27.2</b>	58.8	17.3	14.8	22.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>No response</i>		17	52	27	81